

Modeling an Integrated Energy System (IES) in OpenModelica to utilize the output of a nuclear reactor for producing energy and powering a desalination plant

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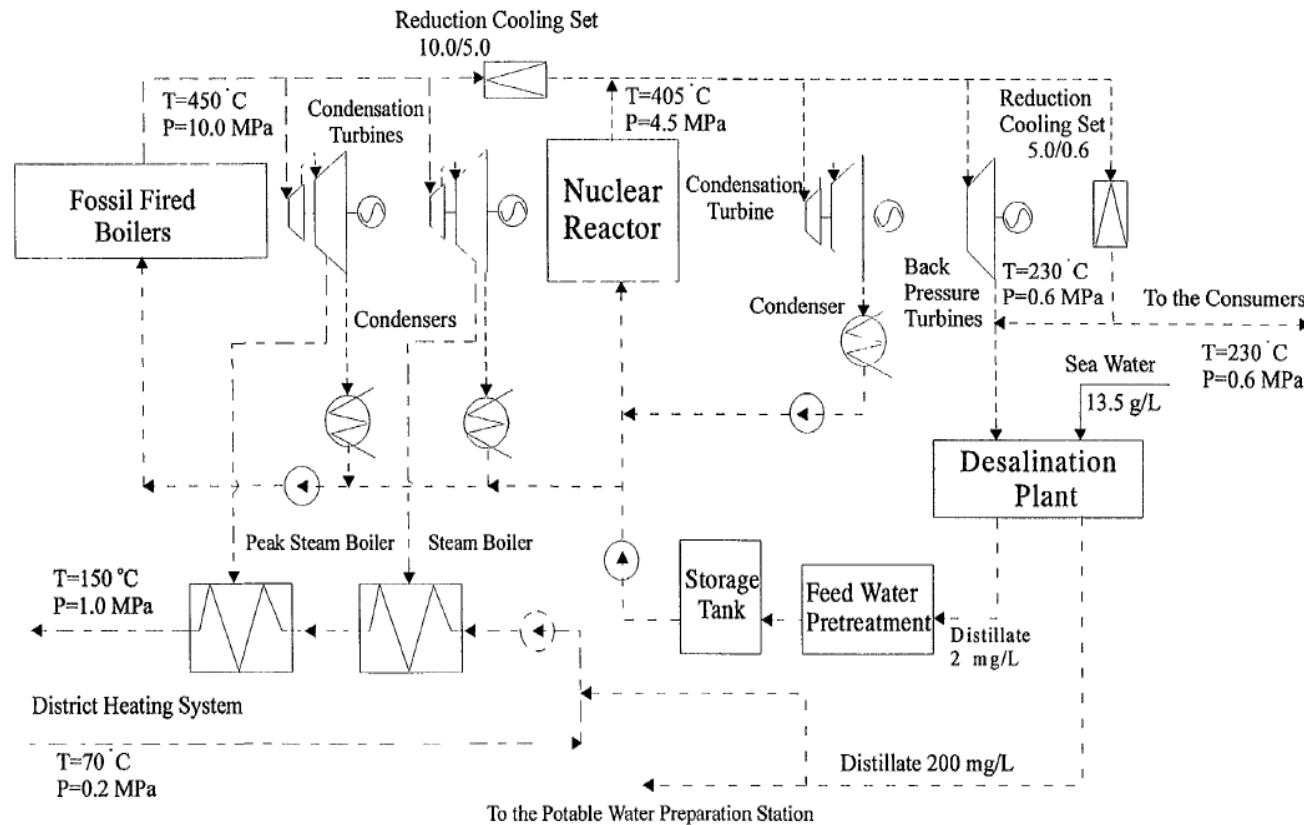
Outline

- Motivation for the work
- Modeling an Integrated Energy System
- Industrial Multi Effect Distillation (MED) Desalination Plant
- Controller System

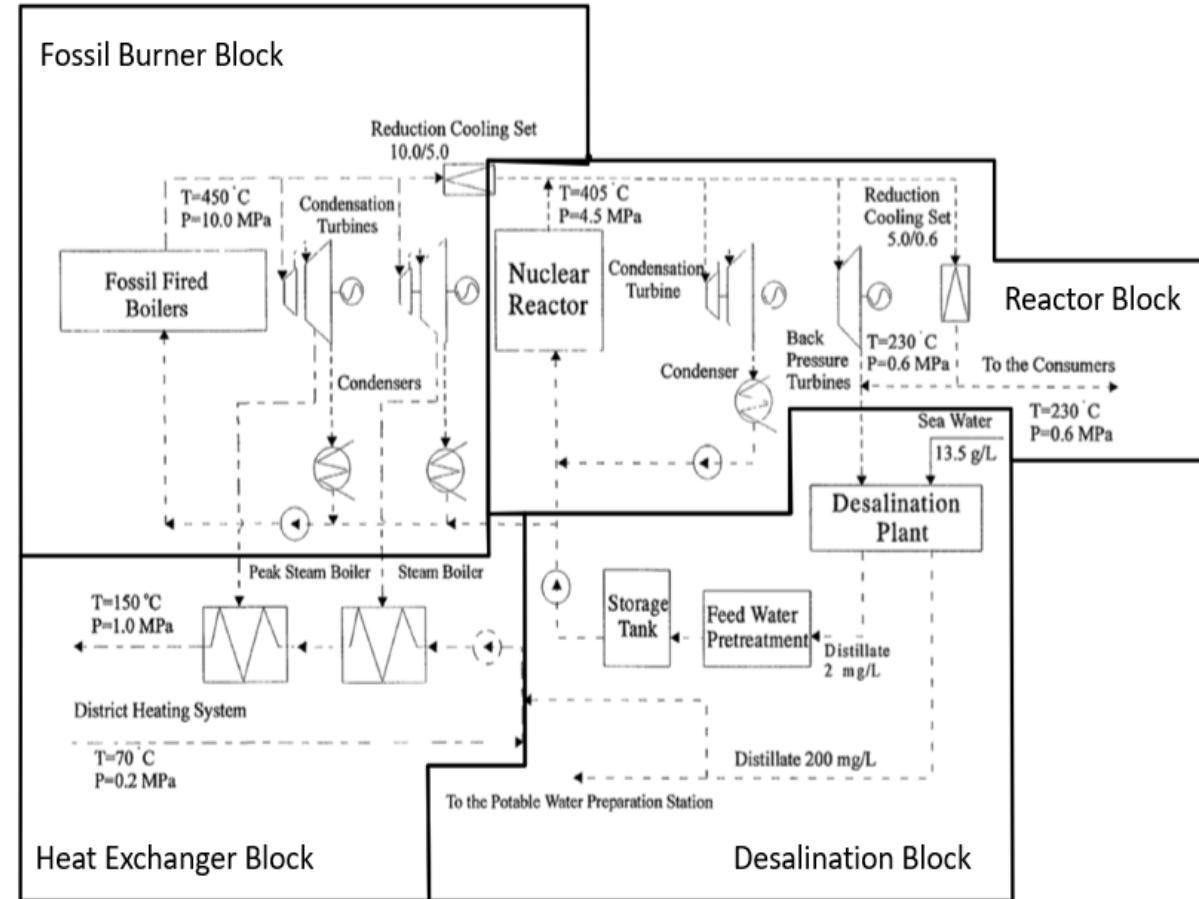
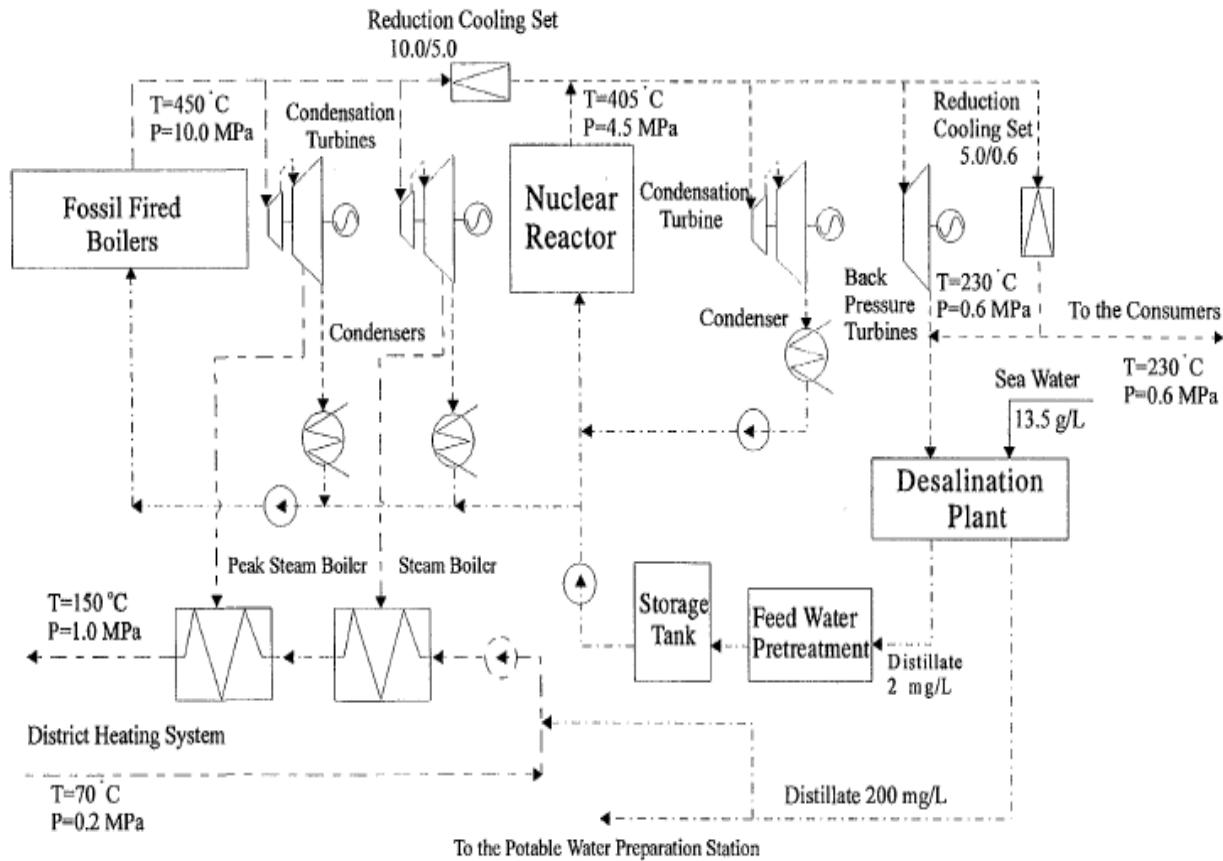


Motivation (Aktau plant complex in Kazakhstan)

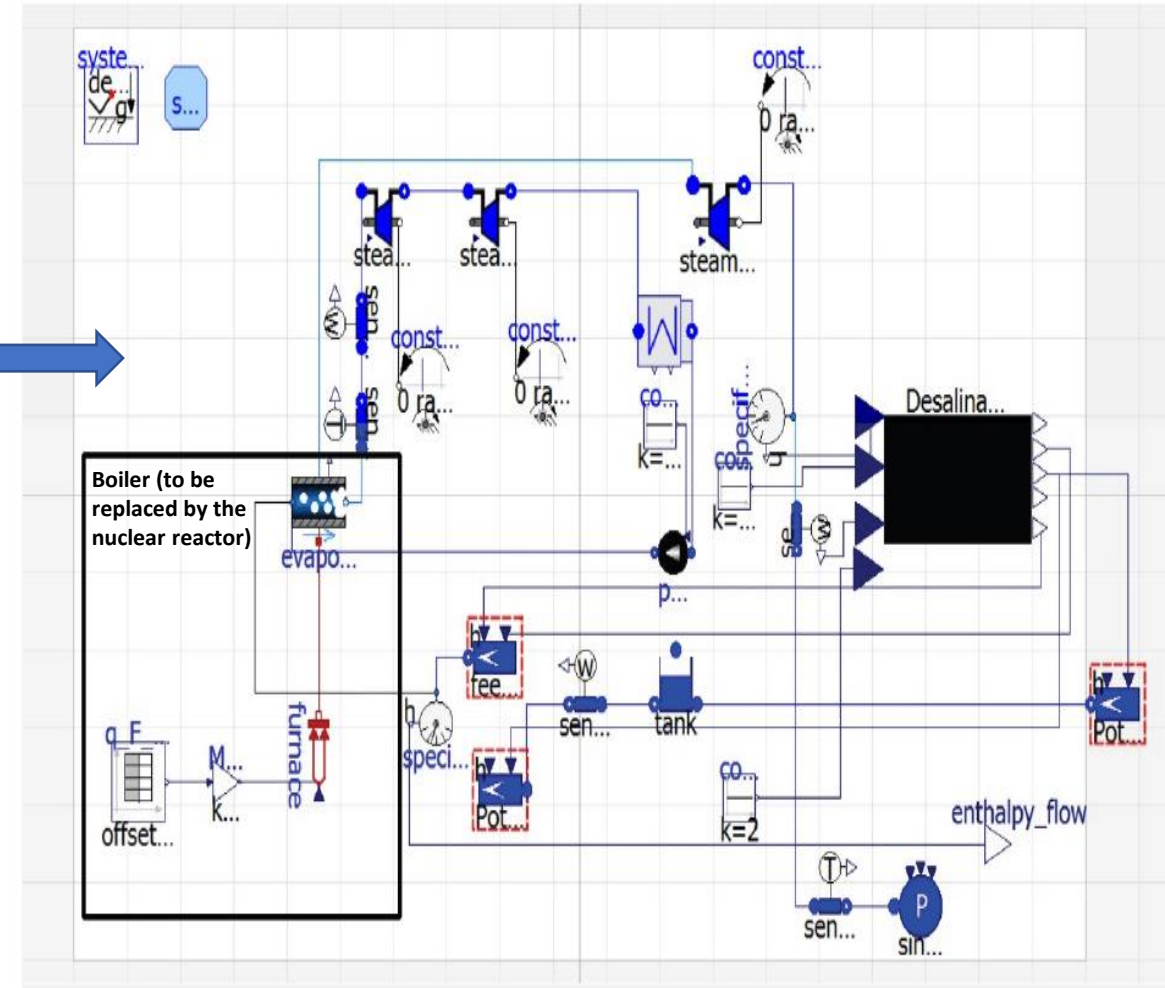
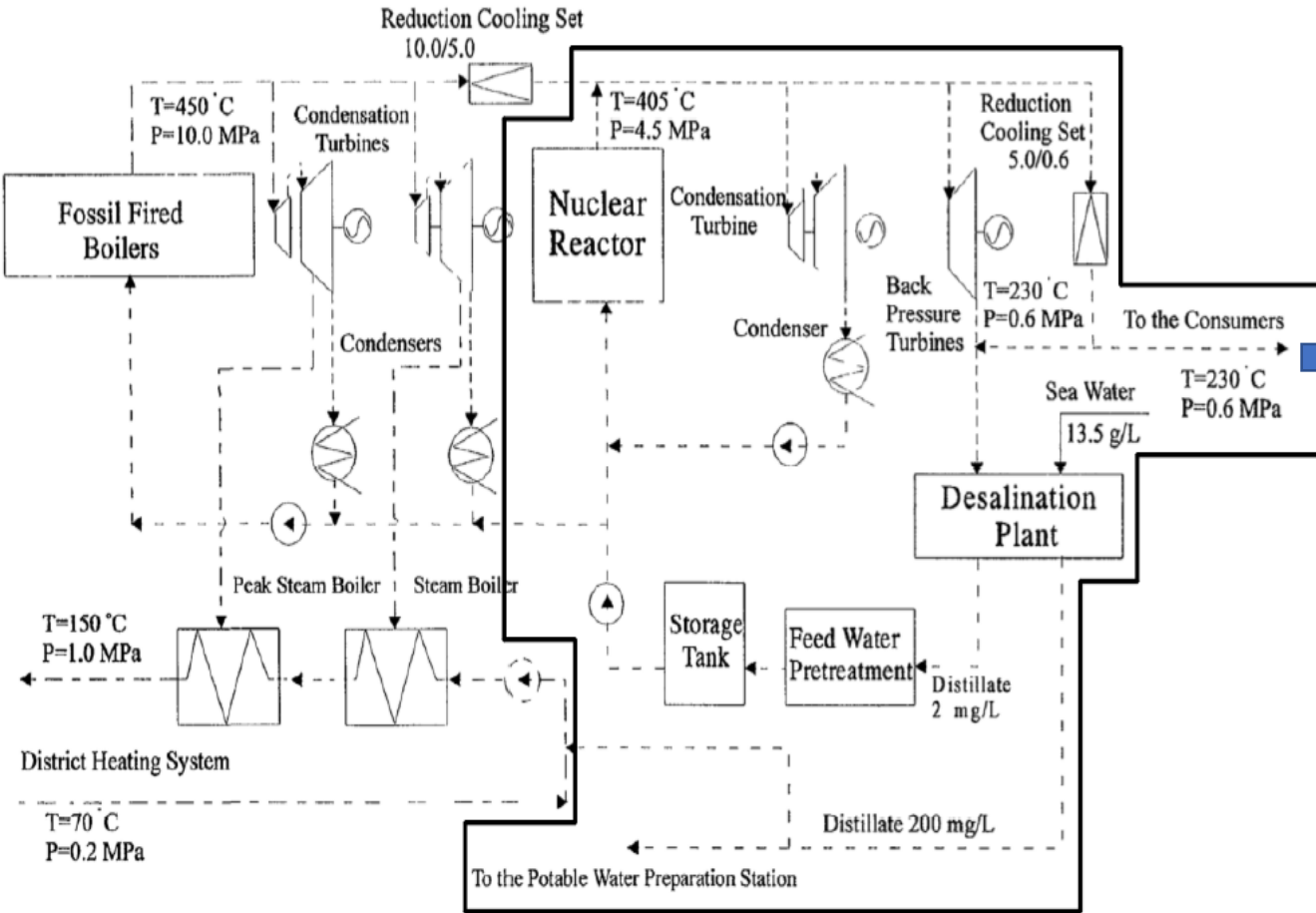
- To model the thermal manifold using OpenModelica
- Main components of thermal Manifold:
 - Fossil Burner Block
 - Desalination Block
 - Reactor Block
 - Heat Exchanger Block



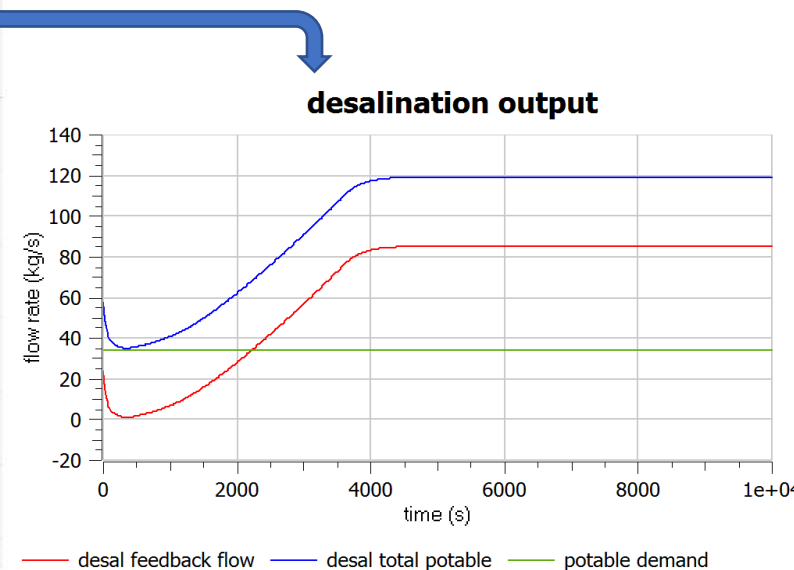
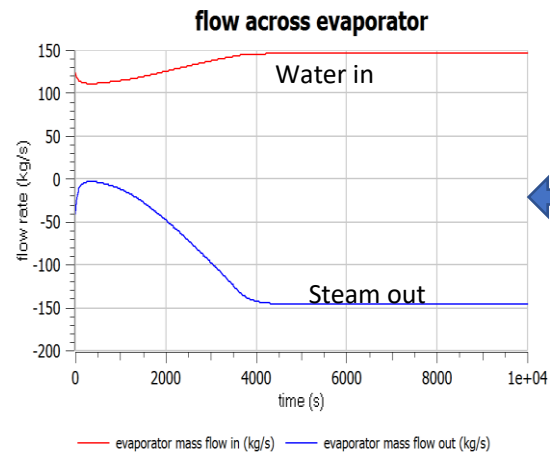
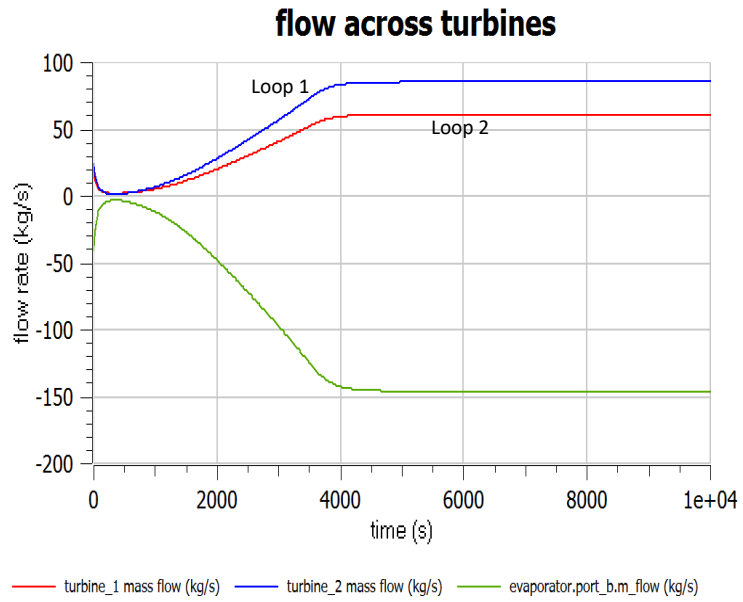
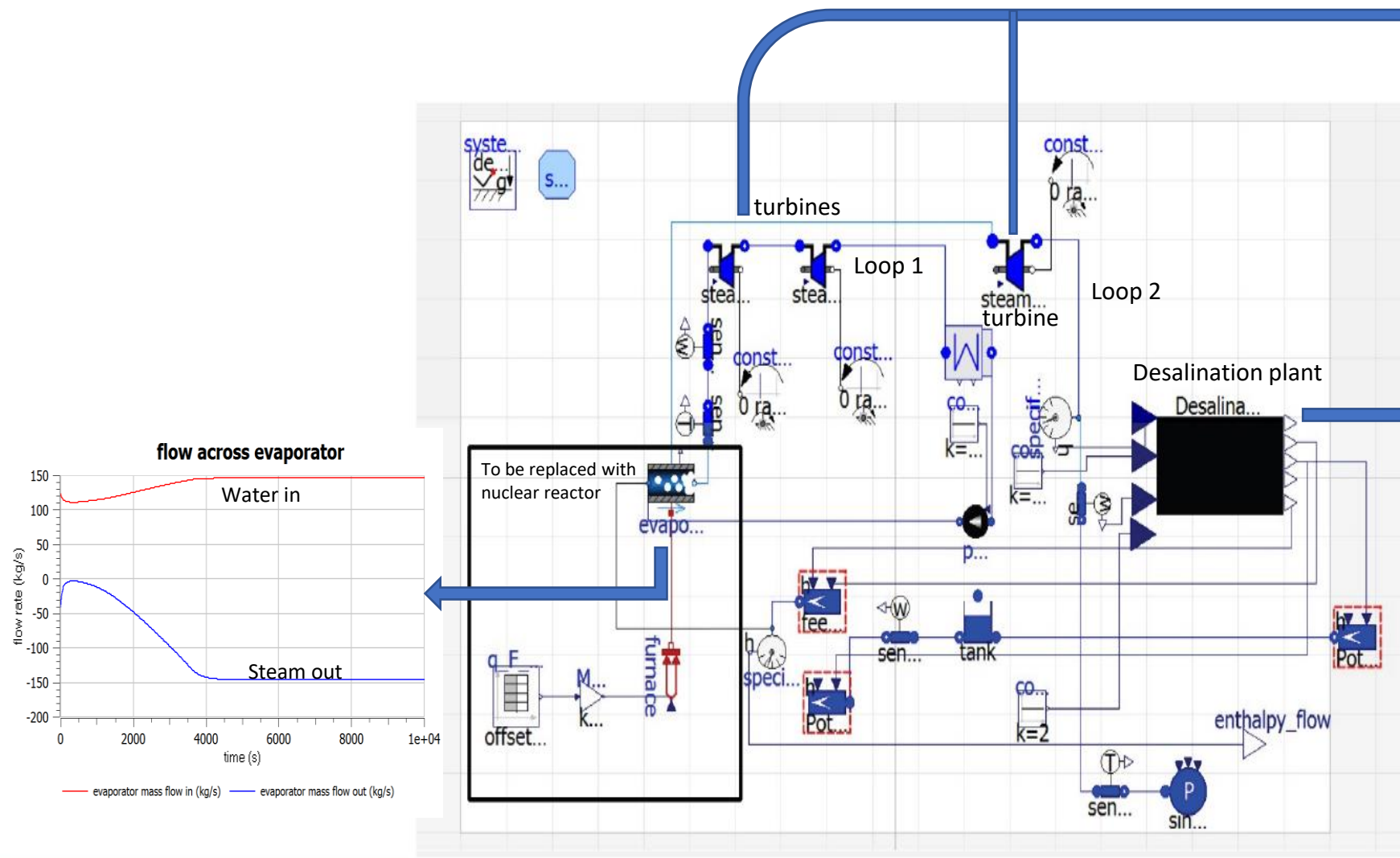
Motivation (Aktau plant complex in Kazakhstan)



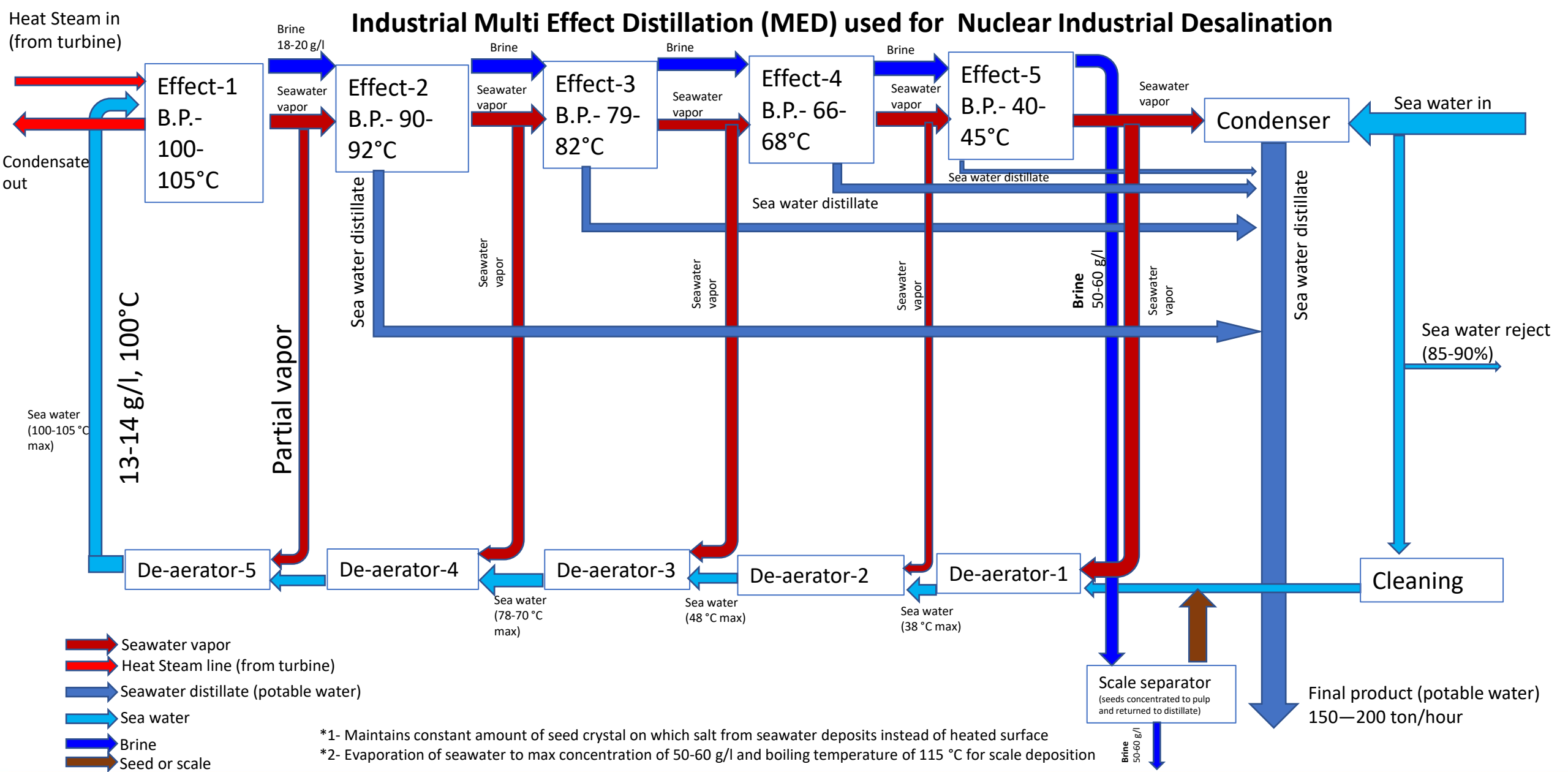
Motivation (Aktau plant complex in Kazakhstan)



Integrated Energy System (with the primary desalination plant)



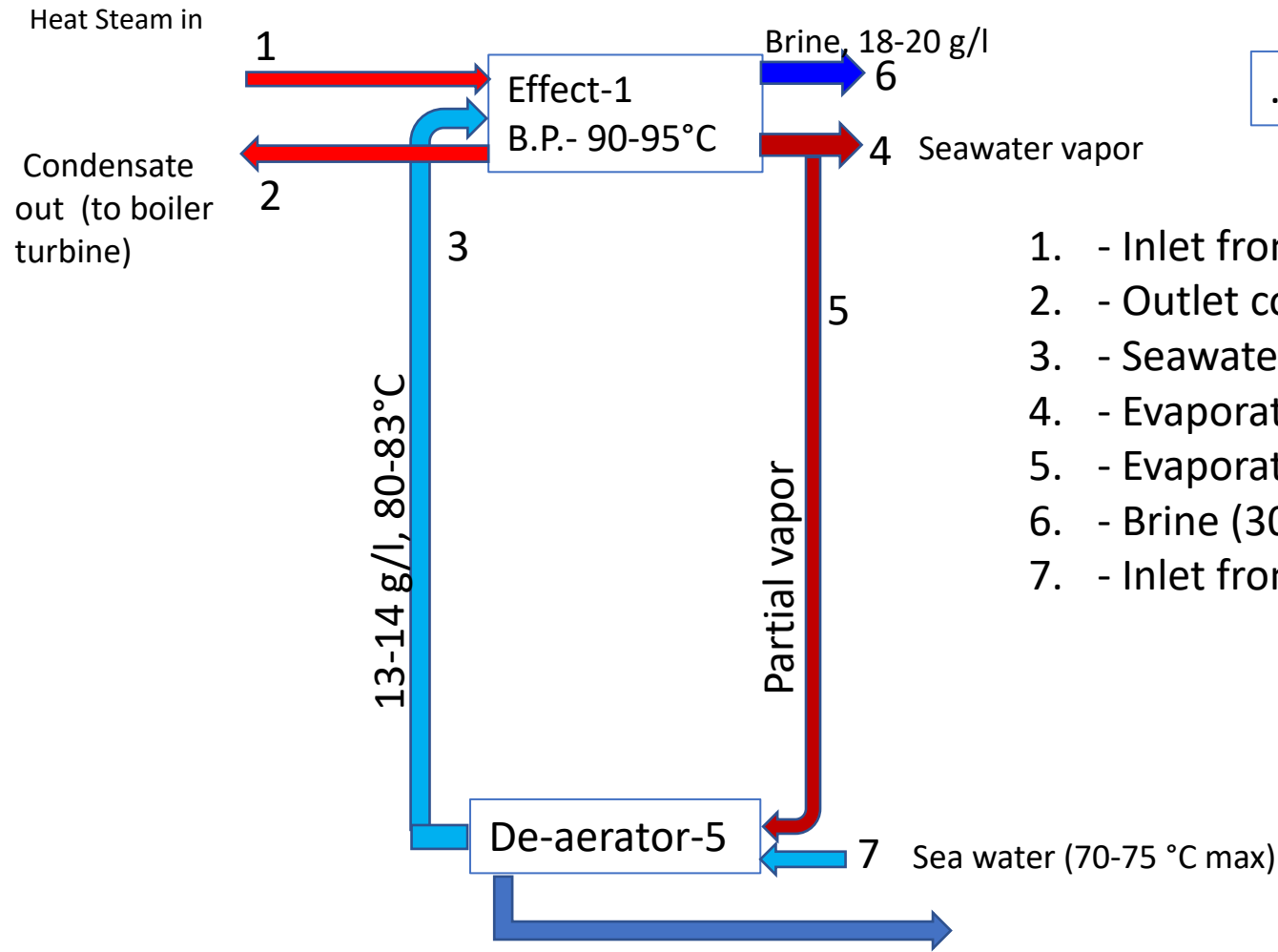
Industrial Multi Effect Distillation (MED) used for Nuclear Industrial Desalination



- Seawater vapor
- Heat Steam line (from turbine)
- Seawater distillate (potable water)
- Sea water
- Brine
- Seed or scale

*1- Maintains constant amount of seed crystal on which salt from seawater deposits instead of heated surface
 *2- Evaporation of seawater to max concentration of 50-60 g/l and boiling temperature of 115 °C for scale deposition

First Effect

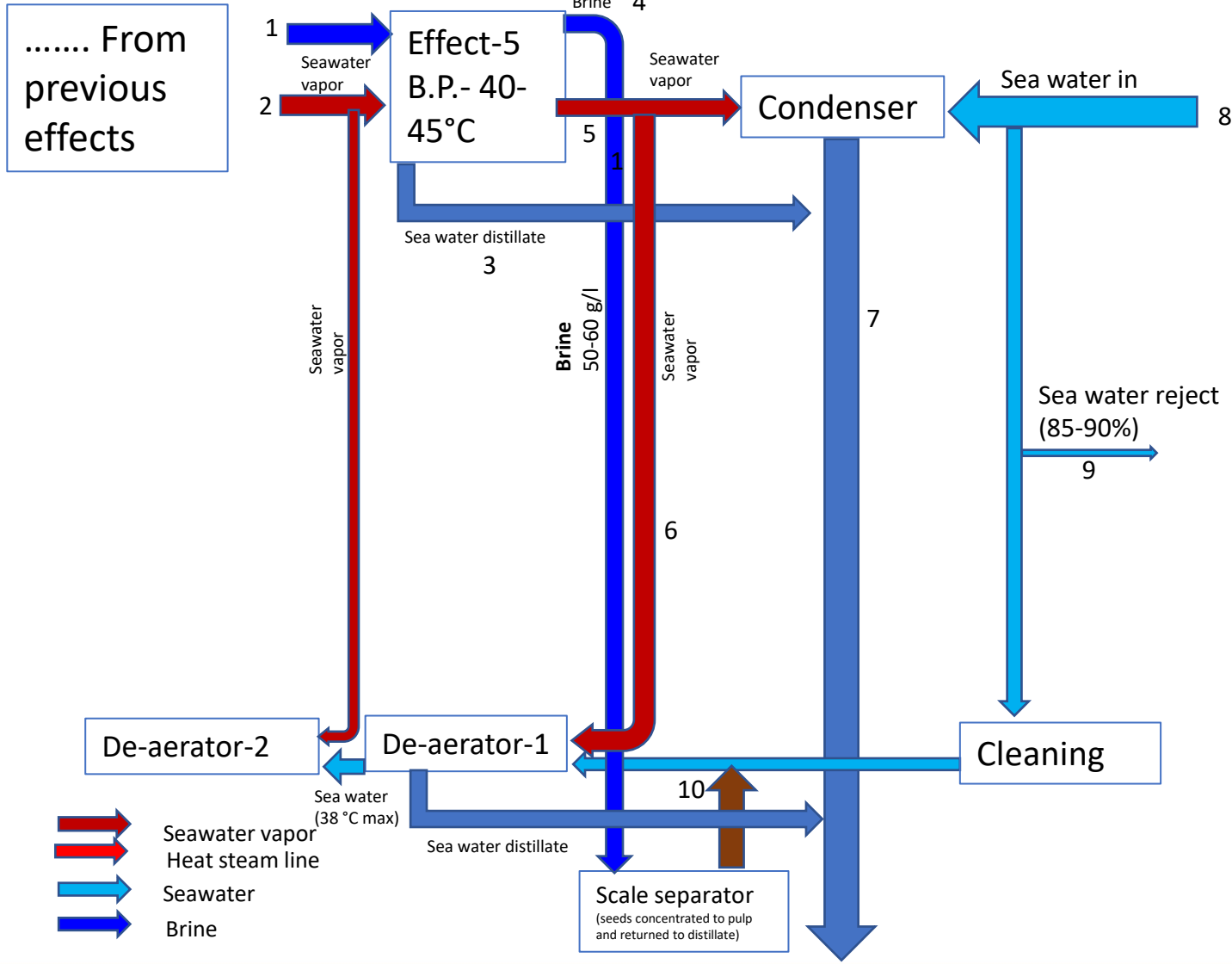


..... To following effects

1. - Inlet from turbine
2. - Outlet condensate back to boiler
3. - Seawater in (13-14 g/l, 80-83°C)
4. - Evaporated seawater to effect 2
5. - Evaporated steam to deaerator/pre-heater
6. - Brine (30-35 g/l)
7. - Inlet from previous deaerator



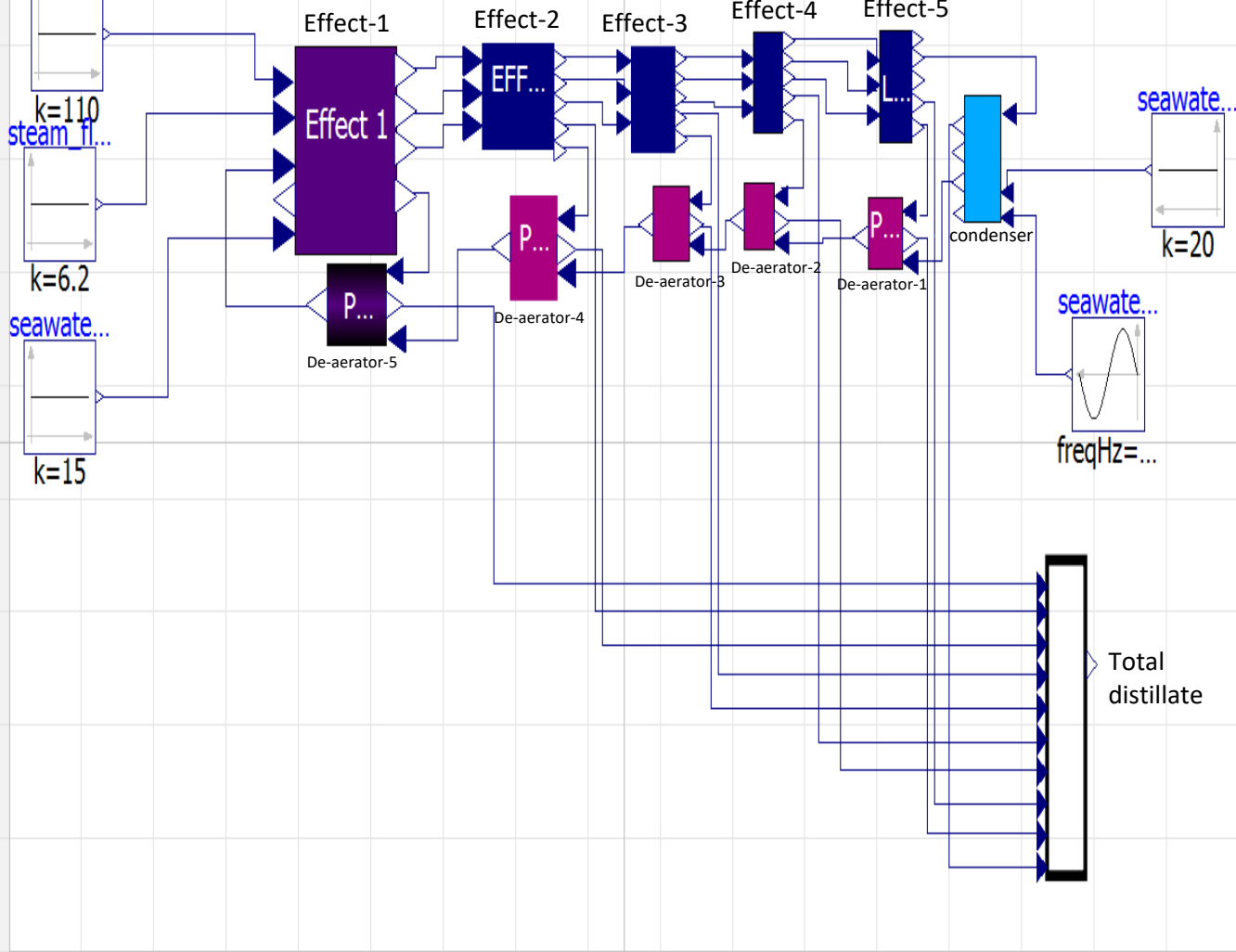
Last Effect



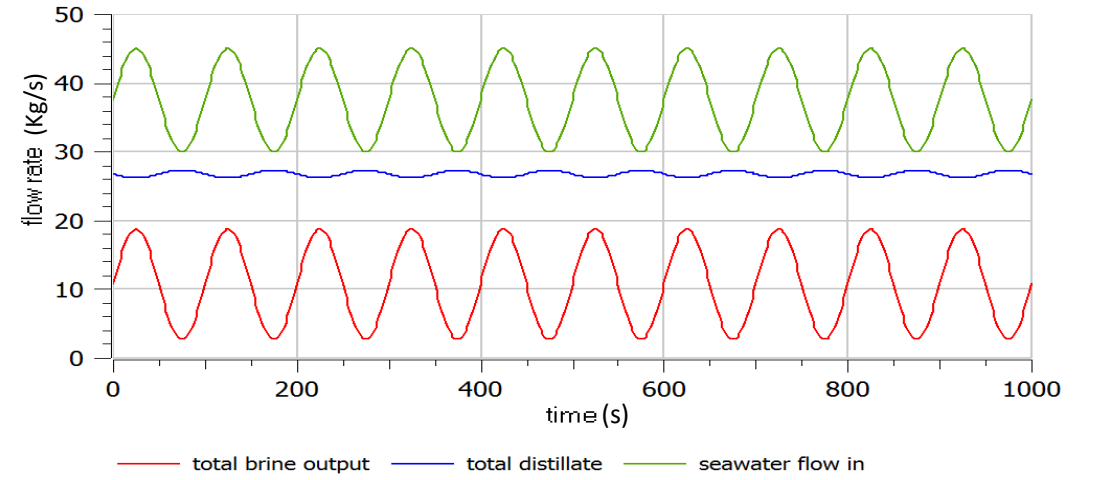
1. - Brine from previous effect
2. - Steam from previous effect
3. - Distillate formed in last effect
4. - Concentrated brine of last effect
5. - Steam formed in last effect
6. - Bypassed steam to deaerator
7. - Total distillate for potable processing
8. - Seawater into condenser
9. - Seawater rejected
10. - Scale added to seawater to catch crystals



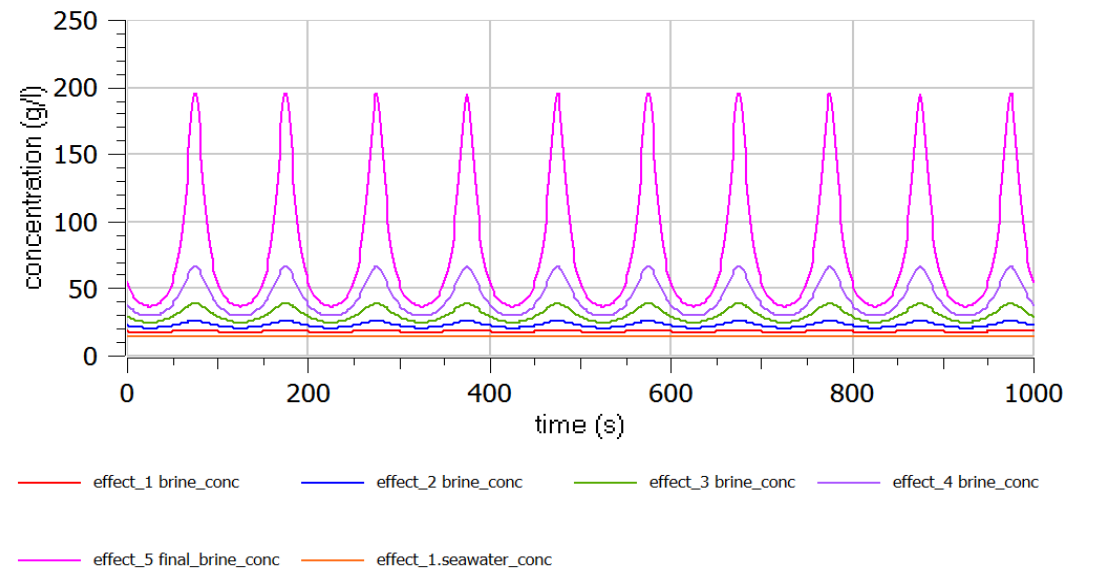
MED plant to be coupled in the IES



brine and distillate formation



brine concentration across different effects



Conclusions

Effect	Boiling Temperature Atkau plant (°C)	Boiling Temperature in Modelica model (g/l)	Concentration at Atkau plant (g/l)	Concentration in Modelica model (g/l)
1	100-105	100	18-20	18
2	90-92	90		23
3	79-82	79		29
4	66-68	66		37.5
5	44-45	44	50-60	55

With the similar boiling temperatures as in Shevchenko industrial plant:

- Plant operates with restrictions met (controller ensures that)
- Plant gives similar brine concentration outputs
- Distillate output can be matched to the plant by providing required seawater and steam and post processing in the potable water processing plant

Future work:

- Finish the controller design
- Integrate desalination plant to the current IES
- Model the physics and kinetics of the reactor in Modelica
- Develop an automated IES with the reactor



References

1. F. Zaostrovsky, Novikov, E., Shatsillo, V., Golub, S., Chernozubov, V., & Tkach, V. , "Distillation desalination plant in the city of Shevchenko. Layout, equipment and operating experience," *Desalination*, vol. 1, no. 2, pp. 165-177, 1966, doi: [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0011-9164\(00\)84016-3](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0011-9164(00)84016-3).
2. E. Novikov, Chernozubov, V., & Golub, S., "Nuclear Industrial Desalination Plant with Fast Neutron Reactor at Shevchenko," *Desalination*, vol. 1, no. 6, pp. 349-367, 1969, doi: [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0011-9164\(00\)80225-8](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0011-9164(00)80225-8).



Thank You

